sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or regulation, as the case may be, or both Houses agree that the rule or regulation, as the case may be, should not be made, the rule or regulation shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or regulation."

GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA

Bangalore, dated 27th August 1976.

Notification No. LAW 67 LCA 1976.

Ordered that the Beedi Workers Cess Act, 1976 (56 of 1976) published in Part II, Section 1 of the Gazatte of India, Extraordinary dated 8th April 76 be republished in the Karnataka Gazette for general information.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Karnataka,

M. BALAJI RAO,

Under Secy. to Govt., I/c Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs.

51

Assented to on 8th April 76 Act No. 56 of 1976

THE BEEDI WORKERS WELFARE CESS ACT 1976

AN

Act

to provide for the levy and collection, by way of cess, a duty of excise on tobacco issued for the manufacture of beedi.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title, extent and commencement.**—(1) This Act may be called the Beedi Workers Welfare Cess Act, 1976.

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. **Definitions.**—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "Fund" means the Beedi Workers Welfare Fund formed under section 3 of the Beedi Workers Welfare Fund Act, 1976;

(b) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act'

3. **Levy and collection of cess on tobacco issued for manufacture of beedi.**—(1) With effect from such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint, there shall be levied and collected by way of cess for the purposes of the Beedi Workers Welfare Fund Act, 1976, on so much of the tobacco as is issued to any person from a warehouse for any purpose in connection with the manufacture of beedi, a duty of excise at such rate not exceeding one rupee per kilogram on such tobacco as the Central Government may, from time to time, fix by notification in the Official Gazette.

Explanat

or premises appointed or licensed under rule 140 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, made under the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944. (1 of 1944).

(2) The duty of excise levied under sub-section (1) shall be in addition to any cess or duty leviable on tobacco under any other law for the time being in force.

4. **Crediting of proceeds of duty to the Consolidated Fund of India.**—The proceeds of the duty of excise levied under sub-section (1) of section 3 shall be credited to the Consolidated Fund of India.

5. **Power to call for information.**—The Central Government or any other authority specified by it in this behalf may require any person to furnish, for the purposes of this Act, such statistical and any other information as it may think fit.

6. **Protection of action taken good faith.**—No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Central Government or any officer or other employee of the Central Government for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules made thereunder,

7. **Power to make rules.**—(1) The Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act.

(2) In Particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for—

(a) the assessment and collection of the duty of excise levied under section 3;

(b) the furnishing to the Central Government or any other authority specified by it in this be half by any person of such statistical and any other information as may be required to be furnished under section 5;

(c) any other matter which has to be or may be prescribed, or provided for, by rules under this Act.

(3) Every rule made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two more successive sessions and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified from or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

Notification No. LAW 66 LCA 1976

Bangalore, dated ..... August 1976.

Ordered that the Iron Ore Mines and Manganese Ore Mines Labour Welfare Cess Act, 1976 (Central Act No. 55 of 1976) published in Part II, Section 1 of the *Gazette of India*, Extraordinary dated 8th April 1976 be republished in the *Karnataka Gazette* for general information.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Karnataka,

M. BALAJI RAO,

Under Secretary to Government., I/c.,

50 *Department of Law and Parliamentary Affairs.*

Assented to on 7th April 1976 Act No. 55 of 1976

THE IRON ORE MINES AND MANGANESE ORE MINES LABOUR WELFARE CESS ACT, 1976.

AN

ACT

to provide for the levy and collection of a cess on iron ore and manganese ore for the financing of activities to promote the welfare of persons employed in the iron ore mines and manganese ore mines and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title, extent and commencement.**—(1) This Act may be called the Iron Ore Mines and Manganese Ore Mines Labour Welfare Cess Act, 1976.